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# A. INTRODUCTION

# 1. Congratulations!!

Thank you for purchasing TPI products. The Amp Plus is easy to use and is built to last. It is backed by a 3 year limited warranty. Please remember to complete and return your product warranty registration card.

# 2. Product Description

The 296 is a clamp-on plus DMM with True RMS and Harmonics capabilities. The 296 offers measurements in all basic electrical functions, plus:

True RMS	Provides accurate and dependable readings of non-linear loads.
HDR Mode	Determines if a signal is clean or distorted.
• Bar Graph	When measuring frequency, bar graph indicates current level.
• TRIM Mode	Smooths out unstable readings.
<ul> <li>Peak Mode</li> </ul>	For start-up and inrush currents.
Sleep Mode	Preserves battery life.
• Data Hold	Holds the reading on the display for

easy viewing.

The 296 comes complete with the following accessories:

Carrying Pouch Test Lead Set Instruction Manual Battery

### 3. EC Declaration of Conformity

This is to certify that TPI Model 296 conforms to the protection requirements of the council directive 89/336/EEC, in the approximation of laws of the member states relating to Electromagnetic compatibility and 73/23/EEC. The Low Voltage Directive by application of the following standards:

EN 50081-1 1992 Emissions Standard EN 50082-1 1992 Immunity Standard EN 61010-1 1993 Safety Standard EN 61010-2-031 1995 Safety Standard EN 61010-2-032 1995 Safety Standard

To ensure conformity with these standard, this instrument must be operated in accordance with the instructions and specifications given in this manual.

CAUTION: Even though this instrument complies with the immunity standards, it's accuracy can be affected by strong radio emissions not covered in the above standards. Sources such as hand-held radio transceivers, radio and TV transmitters, vehicle radios and cellular phones generate electromagnetic radiation that could be induced into the test leads of this instrument. Care should be taken to avoid such situations or alternatively, check to make sure that the instrument is not being influence by these emissions.

CAUTION: Please follow manufacturers test procedures whenever possible. Do not attempt to measure unknown voltages or components until a complete understanding of the circuit is obtained.

### **B. SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS**

WARNING: Please follow manufacturers test procedures whenever possible. Do not attempt to measure unknown voltages or components until a complete understanding of the circuit is obtained.

### **GENERAL GUIDELINES**

### <u>ALWAYS</u>

- Test the 296 before using it to make sure it is operating properly.
- Inspect the test leads before using to make sure there are no breaks or shorts.
- · Double check all connections before testing.
- Have someone check on you periodically if working alone.
- Have a complete understanding of the circuit being measured.
- Disconnect power to circuit, then connect test leads to the 296, then to circuit being measured.

### NEVER

- Attempt to measure unknown high voltages.
- Attempt to measure current with the meter in parallel to the circuit.
- Connect the test leads to a live circuit before setting up the instrument.
- · Touch any exposed metal part of the test lead assembly.

### INTERNATIONAL SYMBOLS

**A** CAUTION: RISK OF ELECTRIC SHOCK

 $\sim$  AC (ALTERNATION CURRENT)

--- DC (DIRECT CURRENT)

⚠ REFER TO INSTRUCTION MANUAL

**≟** GROUND

**DOUBLE INSULATION** 

 $\sim$  Either DC or AC

# C. TECHNICAL DATA

### 1. Features and Benefits

Agency UL Listed to U.S. and Canadian Safety Standards. Meets CE and IEC 1010.

True RMS Needed to accurately measure non-sinusoidal AC voltage and current waveforms

found on many controls and circuits.

**HDR Mode** Determines if a signal is clean or distorted.

Displays the harmonic distortion ratio on ACV and ACA at line voltage and 60 Hz.

4000 Count Improves the resolution on all functions

and ranges.

Sleep Mode

Maintains the reading on the display for Data Hold

hard to reads areas.

**Peak Mode** Measure the inrush current of motors,

relays and solenoids.

Trim Mode Averages the readings for more stable output on LCD.

Record Mode Records Min/Max and Average value of the function being measured.

Automatically powers down after 10

minutes of inactivity. Measures the frequency of the current Frequency

being measured.

 $\textbf{\textbf{Dual Display}} \quad \text{When measuring frequency, the bar graph}$ 

indicates the current level.

Shows rapidly changing input signals Bar Graph

that the normal display will not.

### 2. Product Applications

Perform the following tests and/or measurements with the 296 and the appropriate function:

### HVAC/R

ACA · Heat anticipator current in thermostats.

ACV · Line voltage.

ACV or DCV • Control circuit voltage.

OHMS · Heating element resistance (continuity). OHMS • Compressor winding resistance. OHMS · Contactor and relay coil resistance. ACA · Motor and compressor start up current. OHMS · Continuity of wiring.

Hz/FREQ

· Frequency on control and line voltages. REC · Record min/max voltage of controls

and line voltages.

ALL · Bar graph to indicate rapid fluctuations.

### **ELECTRICAL**

ACV · Measure line voltage. ACA · Measure line current. OHMS · Continuity of circuit breakers. DCV · Voltage of direct drive DC motors. DCA · Current of direct drive DC motors. · Start up current of motors, relays, ACA contactors and transformers.

· Harmonics detection on line voltages.

# **ELECTRONIC**

ACV · Measure power supply voltage. ACA · Measure power supply current. OHMS · Continuity of circuit breakers and fuses. 3. Specifications

LEC 1010 Over Voltage: CAT II - 1000V CAT III - 600V Pollution Degree 2



a. DCV			
Range	Resolution	Accuracy	Impedance
40V	0.01V	±0.75% of reading,	10Mohm
400V	0.1V	±3 digits	
600V	1V		

b1. ACV (45Hz to 60Hz)				
Range	Resolution	Accuracy	Impedance	
40V	0.01V	±1.0% of reading,	10Mohm	
400V	0.1V	±3 digits		
600V	1V			

b2.	ACV (20Hz	to 45Hz, 60Hz to 1K	(Hz)
Range	Resolution	Accuracy	Impedance
40V	0.01V	±2.5% of reading,	10Mohm
400V	0.1V	±3 digits	
600V	1V		

ALL

c. ACA			
Range	Res.	Accuracy	Freq. Response
40A	0.01A	±2% of reading, ±20 digits	45Hz to 60Hz
		±4% of reading, ±20 digits	30Hz to 45Hz
		±4% of reading, ±20 digits	60Hz to 1KHz
400A	0.1A	±2% of reading, ±10 digits	45Hz to 60Hz
700A	1A	±5% of reading, ±10 digits	30Hz to 45Hz
		±5% of reading, ±10 digits	60Hz to 1KHz

d. DCA				
Range Resolution Accura		Accuracy		
400A	0.1A	±2% of reading, ±10 digits		
700A	1A	±2% of reading, ±15 digits		

e. OHM (Resistance, )				
Range Res.		Accuracy	Overload Protection	
400	0.1	±1% of reading, ±10 digits	600V DC or	
4k	0.001k	±1% of reading, ±3 digits	AC Peak	
40k	0.01k			

f. Continuity Buzzer			
Test Voltage	Threshold	Over Load Protection	
<u>3V</u>	< 100 ohm(100 digits)	600 V DC or Peak AC	

★ \*Warning: Test Leads. Use only correct type and overvoltage category rating.

g. Diode Test			
Test Voltage	Max Test Current	Over Load Protection	
<u>3</u> V	Approx. 2.5mA	600 V DC or Peak AC	

h. Fr	h. Frequency				
Range	Res.	Accuracy	Overload Protection		
1KHz	0.1Hz	±0.2% of reading,	600V DC or		
10KHz	0.001KHz	±3 digits	AC Peak		

h. General Specifications		
Max. Volt. between any Input and Ground	600V	
Display Type	4,000 Count, 4 times per	
	second update	
Operating Temp.	-10° to 45°C (14° to 113°F)	
Storage Temp.	-20° to 55°C (-4° to 131°F)	
Relative Humidity	0% to 80% (0° - 35°C/32° - 95°F)	
	0% to 70% (35° - 50°C/95° - 122°F)	
Power Supply	9 Volt Battery	
Battery Life 80 hrs. Alkalin	ne	
Size (H x L x W)	40mm x 190mm x 65mm	
	(1.5in x 7.25in x 2.5in)	
Weight	315g (11.1oz)	

# D. MEASUREMENT TECHNIQUES

### 1. Controls and Functions:

### **Push Buttons**

**TRIM** Activates TRIM, PEAK and HDR

functions (Except on Frequency

Range).

FUNC Toggles between AC and DC volts,

amps and or • mfunctions.

RNG Activates manual ranging. Hold in

for 2 seconds to return to

autorange.

**HOLD** Holds the reading on the display

until the button is pushed a

second time.

**REC** Activates the Min/Max/Record

mode. (Except on Frequency

Range).

# 1. Controls and Functions (cont.):

### Rotary Switch

**OFF** Turns the 296 completely off.

 $\overline{\widetilde{\mathbf{V}}}$  Used to measure AC and DC volts.

 $\Omega^{\bullet}$  Used to measure resistance and use the continuity buzzer.

→ Used to measure diodes.

FRQ Used to measure the frequency of

the current through the jaws.

A Used to measure AC amps.

**OFF** Turns the 296 completely off.

# Input Jacks

**COM** Black test lead connection for

ACV, DCV, , Continuity Buzzer and

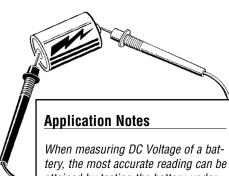
Diode Test functions.

 $V/\Omega$  Red test lead connection for all

ACV, DCV, , Continuity Buzzer and

Diode Test functions.

1



When measuring DC Voltage of a battery, the most accurate reading can be attained by testing the battery under load. To accomplish this, follow steps 1 through 4 shown on page 15 and the following (with the battery in holder and device turned on):

- Connect the red test lead from the meter to the positive (+) terminal of the battery.
- Connect the black test lead to the negative (-) terminal of the battery.
- Reconnect power to the circuit and read the voltage on the 296.

### 2. Step by Step Procedures:

# a. Measuring DC Volts

### **⚠ WARNING!**

Do not attempt to make a voltage measurement of more than 600V or of a voltage level that is unknown.

Instrument set-up:					
	BLACK TEST LEAD	RED Test lead	MIN Reading	MAXI Reading	
$\overline{\widetilde{V}}$	COM	V/Ω	0.01V	600V	

### Measurement Procedure:

- 1. Disconnect power to circuit to be measured.
- 2. Plug black test lead into the **COM** input jack.
- Plug red test lead into the  $V/\Omega$  input jack.
- 4. Set rotary switch to the  $\overline{\widetilde{\mathbf{V}}}$  range.
- 5. Push **FUNC** button so AC does not show on LCD.
- 6. Connect test leads to circuit to be measured.
- 7. Reconnect power to circuit to be measured.
- 8. Read the voltage on the 296.

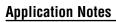
### Optional Modes

• TRIM: Push TRIM button to stabilize

reading.

HOLD: Freezes the reading on the LCD.
 RANGE: Manually ranges the instrument.
 REC: Record minimum, maximum and

average values.



Disconnect power from the terminal block, find the fuse or circuit breaker that controls the block and turn it off.

Set up the meter following the steps under "Measurement Procedure" on page 17. Then proceed with the following:

• Connect the red test lead to the hot side of the block and the black lead to the neutral side of the block. Reconnect power to the block and read the voltage on the meter. The reading should be approximately 110V to 130V.

• Disconnect power from the block and move the red wire to ground. Reconnect power to the block and read the voltage on the meter. Typically less than 20V should exist from neutral to ground. If 110V or above exists, the block may be wired incorrectly.

# b. Measuring AC Volts

### **⚠ WARNING!**

Do not attempt to make a voltage measurement of more than 600V or of a voltage level that is unknown.

Instrument set-up:					
	BLACK TEST LEAD	RED ) TEST LEAD	MIN Reading	MAX Reading	
$\left  \frac{\overline{\widetilde{\widetilde{v}}}}{\widetilde{v}} \right $	СОМ	V/Ω	0.01V	600V	

### Measurement Procedure:

- 1. Disconnect power to circuit to be measured.
- 2. Plug black test lead into COM input jack.
- 3. Plug red test lead into  $V/\Omega$  input jack.
- 4. Set the rotary switch to the  $\widetilde{\mathbf{V}}$  function.
- 5. Press the FUNC button until AC is on LCD.
- 6. Connect test leads to circuit to be measured.7. Reconnect power to circuit to be measured.
- 8. Read the voltage on the 296.

### Optional Modes

• TRIM: Push TRIM button to stabilize reading.

• **HOLD:** Freezes the reading on the LCD.

RANGE: Manually ranges the instrument.
 PEAK: Measures the peak voltage.

REC: Record minimum, maximum and

average values.

• HDR: Check harmonic distortin ratio.

# d. Measuring DC Amps

### **CAUTION!**

Do not attempt to make a current measurement with the test leads. The 296 measures the current by clamping the jaw around one conductor (wire). Clamping around more than one wire will result in erroneous readings.

Instrument set-up:						
	BLACK Test lead	RED	MIN Reading	MAX Reading		
	IE91 LEAD	IE91 LEAD	NEADING	NEADING		
${\widetilde{A}}$	NOT USED	NOT USED	0.1A	700A		

# Measurement Procedure:

- 1. Disconnect power to circuit to be measured.
- 2. Set rotary switch to  $\widetilde{\mathbf{A}}$  function.
- Press the FUNC button to set to measure DCA.
- 4. Press and hold the HOLD button until LCD zero's.
- Clamp the jaws around one conductor of the circuit to be measured.
- 6. Reconnect power to circuit to be measured.
- 7. Read the current on the 296.

# **Optional Modes**

HOLD: Freezes the reading on the LCD.
 RANGE: Manually ranges the instrument.
 REC: Record minimum, maximum and average values.

• TRIM: Push TRIM button to stabilize reading.

# **Application Notes**

When measuring DC Amps of a motor there are two types of measurements that can be made, running current and in-rush or start-up current. Start-up current will usually be much higher than running current.

Set up the meter following the steps under "Measurement Procedure" on page 18, and then proceed with the following:

- Clamp the meter around a single wire and reconnect power to the device. Read the current displayed on the meter. This is the running current of the motor.
- Disconnect power to the motor and put the meter in PEAK HOLD mode. Reconnect the power and read the current displayed on the meter. This is the in-rush or start-up current of the motor.

# c. Measuring AC Amps

### **CAUTION!**

Do not attempt to make a current measurement with the test leads. The 296 measures the current by clamping the jaw around one conductor (wire). Clamping around more than one wire will result in erroneous readings.

Instrument set-up:					
FUNC.	BLACK	RED	MIN	MAX	
	TEST LEAD	TEST LEAD	READING	READING	
$\overline{\widetilde{A}}$	NOT USED	NOT USED	0.01A	700A	

### Measurement Procedure:

- 1. Disconnect power to circuit to be measured.
- 2. Set rotary switch to  $\widetilde{\mathbf{A}}$  function.
- 3. Clamp the jaws around one conductor of the circuit to be measured.
- 4. Reconnect power to circuit to be measured.
- 5. Read the current on the 296.

### **Optional Modes**

TRIM: Push TRIM button to stabilize reading.
 HOLD: Freezes the reading on the LCD.
 RANGE: Manually ranges the instrument.
 PEAK: Measures the peak amperage.
 HDR: Check the harmonic distortion ratio.
 REC: Record minimum, maximum and average values.

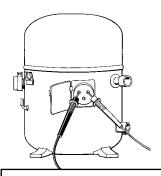
# **Application Notes**

When measuring AC Amps of a motor there are two types of measurements that can be made, running current and in-rush or start-up current. Start-up current will usually be much higher than running current.

Set up the meter following the steps under "Measurement Procedure" on page 20, and then proceed with the following:

- Clamp the meter around a single wire and reconnect power to the device. Read the current displayed on the meter. This is the running current of the motor.
- Disconnect power to the motor and put the meter in PEAK HOLD mode. Reconnect the power and read the current displayed on the meter. This is the in-rush or start-up current

of the motor.



# **Application Notes (Resistance)**

When measuring resistance of a motor, make sure the power is disconnected prior to testing. Set up meter following steps under "Measurement Procedure" on page 20, and proceed with the following:

- Connect the red test lead to one power input line of the motor and the black test lead to the other power input line of the motor. In most applications if the reading is OFL, the motor winding is open.
- Connect the red test lead to the frame of the motor and the black test lead to the winding. In most applications if a reading of 0 Ohms is displayed, the winding is shorted to the motor frame (ground).

# e. Measuring Resistance

### **△ WARNING!**

Do not attempt to make resistance measurements with circuit energized. For best results, remove the resistor completely from circuit before attempting to measure it.

#### NOTE

To make accurate low ohm measurements, short the ends of the test leads together and record the resistance reading. Deduct this value from actual readings.

Instrument set-up:					
FUNC.	BLACK Test Lead	RED Test lead	MIN Reading	MAX Reading	
	COM	V/Ω	0.1Ω	39.99KΩ	

### Measurement Procedure:

- 1. Disconnect power to circuit to be measured.
- 2. Plug black test lead into the COM input jack.
- 3. Plug red test lead into  $V/\Omega$  input jack.
- 4. Set the rotary switch to the  $\Omega$  function.
- 5. Connect test leads to circuit to be measured.
- 6. Read the resistance value on the 296.

### Optional Modes

HOLD: Freezes the reading on the LCD.
 RANGE: Manually ranges the instrument.
 TRIM: Push TRIM button to stabalize reading.

REC: Record minimum, maximum and

average values.

# f. Continuity Buzzer

### **⚠ WARNING!**

Do not attempt to make continuity measurements with circuit energized.

Instrument set-up:					
FUNC.	BLACK	RED	MIN	MAX	
	TEST LEAD	TEST LEAD	READING	READING	
$\Omega$ • $))$	COM	V/Ω	$0.001 \mathrm{K}\Omega$	$4.000 \text{K}\Omega$	

### Measurement Procedure:

- 1. Disconnect power to circuit to be measured.
- 2. Plug black test lead into the **COM** input jack.
- 3. Plug red test lead into  $V/\Omega$  input jack.
- 4. Set the rotary switch to the  $\Omega$ • $\!\!$  function.
- 6. Connect test leads to circuit to be measured.
- 7. Listen for the buzzer to confirm continuity.

### **Optional Modes**

• HOLD: Freezes the reading on the LCD.

• TRIM: Push TRIM button to stabalize reading.

# g. Measuring Diodes

#### **CAUTION!**

Do not attempt to make diode measurements with circuit energized. The only way to accurately test a diode is to remove it completely from the circuit before attempting to measure it.

Instru	Instrument set-up:					
FUNC. BLACK		RED	MIN	MAX		
	TEST LEAD	TEST LEAD	READING	READING		
→	COM	$V/\Omega$	0.001V	2.000V		

### Measurement Procedure:

- 1. Disconnect power to circuit to be measured.
- 2. Plug the black test lead into COM input jack.
- 3. Plug red test lead into the V/ input jack.
- 4. Set the rotary switch to the → function.
- Connect the black test lead to the banded end of the diode and the red test lead to the non-banded end of the diode.
- 6. Reading on the display should be between 0.5 and 0.8 volts.
- 7. Reverse test lead connections in 5 above.
- 8. Reading on the display should be OFL (Overload).

NOTE: If diode reads 0 in both directions, diode is shorted. If diode reads OFL in both directions, diode is open.

# h. Measuring Frequency

# **CAUTION!**

Do not attempt to make frequency measurements with test leads. The 296 measures the frequency by clamping the jaw around one conductor (wire). Clamping around more than one wire will result in erroneous readings.

Instru	Instrument set-up:					
FUNC	BLACK	RED	MIN	MAX		
	TEST LEAD	TEST LEAD	READING	READING		
FREQ	NOT USED	NOT USED	0.5Hz	10KHz		

### Measurement Procedure:

- 1. Disconnect power to circuit to be measured.
- 2. Set the rotary switch to the **FREQ** function.
- 3. Clamp the jaws around one conductor of the circuit to be measured.
- 4. Reconnect power to circuit to be measured.
- 5. Read the frequency on the 296.

### Note:

The current of the frequency being measured is displayed on the bar graph.

### **Optional Modes:**

• **HOLD:** Freezes the reading on the LCD.

RANGE: Manually ranges the instrument.

# i. Data Hold

Press the **HOLD** button at any time on any function to freeze the reading on the LCD display. This function is very useful when measuring in locations where the display is difficult to read.

### j. Trim

(Average sensing mode for ACV, ACA, OHM, Diode and Continuity.)

Press the **TRIM** button when measuring unstable signals to stabilize the reading. The 296 will average the measured value approximately every 1.25 seconds to obtain a clearer picture of the current or voltage being measured.

### k. Peak Mode

- 1. Set the 296 to the ACA function.
- 2. Push the **RNG** button and select the desired measurement range.
- 3. Push the TRIM button until PEAK shows on LCD.
- 4. Allow the LCD to stabilize to zero.
- 5. Clamp the jaws around a single conductor to the device to be measured.
- 6. Apply power to the device under test.
- 7. Read the PEAK current on the LCD immediately after the test.

# I. Disable Sleep Mode

- 1. Set the 296 to the **OFF** position.
- 2. Push and hold down the **HOLD** button while turning the rotary switch to the desired function.
- 3. Release the **HOLD** button.
- Check the LCD to see if the HOLD function is activated. If "H" is on the display, push the HOLD button to deactivate the DATA HOLD mode.
- 5. Sleep mode is now deactivated.

# E. ACCESSORIES\*

Standard Accessories	Part No.
9 Volt Alkaline Battery	A009A
Test Lead Set	A040
Soft Carrying Pouch	A200

Optional Accessories	Part No.
Deluxe Test Lead Set	SDK1C
IEC 1010 Deluxe Test Lead Kit	TLS2000BC
Hard Carrying Case	A201

<sup>\*</sup>These accessories have not been evaluated by UL and are not considered as part of the UL Listing of this product.

# F. MAINTENANCE

- 1. Battery Replacement: The 296 will display a battery symbol when the internal 9 Volt battery needs replacement. The battery is replaced as follows:
- a. Disconnect and remove all test leads from live circuits and from the 296.
- b. Loosen the screw from the back of the 296 battery cover.
- c. Remove the battery compartment cover.
- d. Remove old battery and replace with new battery, observing the correct polarity.
- e. Reassemble the instrument in reverse order from above.

### 2. Cleaning your 296:

Use a mild detergent and slightly damp cloth to clean the surfaces of the 296.

# **G. TROUBLE SHOOTING GUIDE**

### **Problem**

### **Probable Causes**

# Does not power up

- Dead or defective battery
- Broken wire from battery snap to PCB

### Won't display current readings

- · Open fuse
- Open test lead
- Improperly connected to circuit under test

# All functions except ohms read high

 Very weak battery that will not turn on the low battery indicator on the LCD

### AC Volts do not read

 Very weak battery that will not turn on the low battery indicator on the LCD



# **Test Products International, Inc.** 9615 SW Allen Blvd., Ste. 104

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# WARRANTY

Please refer to product warranty card for warranty statement.



L296M • 12/1/97 copyright © 1997 Test Products International, Inc.

# 296 SPECIFICATIONS ±0.75% Basic DCV Accuracy

<u>Func.</u> DCV	<b>Range</b> 40V 400V 600V	Res. 0.01V 0.1V 1V
ACV	40V 400V 600V	0.01V 0.1V 1V
ACA	40A 400A 700A	0.01A 0.1A 1A
DCA	400A 700A	0.1A 1A
ОНМ	400 4k 40k	0.1 0.001k 0.01k
Frequency	1KHz 10KHz	0.1Hz 0.001KHz
Continuity	<u>Test Voltage</u> 3V	Max Test Current < 100 (100 digits)
Diode Test	<u>Test Voltage</u> 3V	Threshold Approx. 2.5mA

Test Products International, Inc.